Information on head lice

- Head lice infection is a community problem. We as a school cannot solve the problem but we can help you deal with it.
- Head lice are transmitted by direct and prolonged head-to-head contact.
- Transmission of lice within the classroom is relatively rare. When it does occur, it is usually from a best friend.
- Check hair weekly. See below for advice.
- Remember all family members and friends need to check their hair too;
 they may carry lice without knowing.
- Some chemical treatments do not kill the head lice eggs. These eggs can hatch out a few days after treatment and start a new infection.
- Lice have a 12 day life cycle. Therefore, you must wet comb every 3-4 days for 2 weeks to ensure eradication after an infection.
- This involves time, patience and commitment.
- Nit combs and detection combs are designed to remove nits and lice.
- If concerned seek advice. Speak to school, the school nurse, G.P or the local pharmacist.

EACH WEEK TAKE A PEEK - It is probably worth checking your child for head lice weekly.

• Wash the hair well and towel dry, the hair should be damp not dripping. If required apply a small amount of conditioner including the full length of the hair. Make sure there is good light. Daylight is best.



• Comb the hair through with a normal comb first, to get rid of any knots.



• With a fine-tooth detection comb (nit comb), starting from the roots of the hairs, draw the comb carefully along the complete length of the hair.



After each stroke check the comb for lice and wipe it clean.



• Work systematically around the whole head of hair. Do this for several minutes, it takes 10-20 minutes to do it properly for each head. If there are head lice, you will find one or more lice on the teeth of the comb.



- Head lice are little insects with moving legs. They are not much bigger than a pin- head, but may be as big as a sesame seed.
- Remove any live head lice from the comb with a cocktail stick or fingernail onto kitchen or toilet paper. Clean the comb under the tap when finished.
- If you find something and are not sure what it is; stick it on white paper with clear sticky tape and show it to your local Pharmacist, School nurse or Doctor.



- If you see empty cases stuck on the hair it does not mean that the person has lice.
- Do not treat unless you are sure that you have found a living moving louse.