



Design and Technology Curriculum Policy



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Review date:	

Statement of Intent

“Using creativity and imagination, learners design and make products that solve real and relevant problems within a variety of contexts, considering their own and others’ needs, wants and values. They acquire a broad range of subject knowledge and draw on disciplines such as mathematics, science, engineering, computing and art. Learners learn how to take risks, becoming resourceful, innovative, enterprising and capable citizens.” (National Curriculum 2013)

At Cann Bridge School, we are committed to providing all learners with learning opportunities to engage in Design and Technology. Our curriculum will support our learners to learn about the world we live in and to develop a wide range of knowledge and skills through designing and making. The Design and Technology curriculum will provide opportunities for learners to be inspired, engaged and excited. The curriculum encourages learners to learn, to think and intervene creatively to solve problems.

Our aims are:

- To support learners to develop the creative, technical and practical skills needed to perform everyday tasks confidently and to participate successfully in an increasingly technological world
- For learners to develop knowledge, understanding and skills in order to design and make prototypes and products for a wide range of users
- To support learners to evaluate and test their ideas and products and the work of others
- For learners to understand and apply the principles of nutrition and learn how to cook.

Implementation

Design Technology is delivered in focused sessions across all key stages of the school. Learners follow a framework of planning which has been carefully mapped to ensure that all learners develop the creative, technical and practical expertise needed to perform everyday tasks confidently and to participate successfully in an increasingly technological world. Each Design Technology project will follow a design, make and evaluate process. Learners will have the opportunity to build a wide range of skills and knowledge in understanding mechanisms, using tools and building structures. Learners will also be taught Food Technology, which will support them to develop a knowledge of the principles of nutrition and provide them with skills to prepare and cook dishes. All learners will follow a progression of steps to ensure that they build on previously learnt knowledge and skills.

Impact

Design Technology gives learners the opportunity to develop skills, knowledge and understanding of designing and making functional products. At Cann Bridge we feel that it is vital to nurture creativity and innovation through design, and by exploring the designed and made world in which we all live and work.

At Cann Bridge, Learners will build upon their early childhood investigations to explore progressively how things work. They will learn how to use hand tools and how computers are used to support designing and making. As they do so, they will learn about processes and the working characteristics of materials. Learners also learn about structures and the practical application of mechanisms and pneumatics, to make moving toys and models

Learners at Cann Bridge will also be taught food and nutrition within the Design Technology Curriculum, so that they are equipped with the necessary skills to cook and feed themselves well and keep healthy. Practical work, like cooking, develops fine, gross and sensory skills and it can also provide social experiences and opportunities for learners to develop skills for independent living and the world of work, especially within catering and hospitality

Accreditation

NOCN Entry Level Award in Independent Living

Monitoring, Evaluation and Review of Design Technology

The impact of the Design & Technology curriculum will be monitored and evaluated through;

- Photographs of made products
- Documentation of learning via Evisense
- Termly summative assessments
- Pupil progress reviews
- EHCP reviews

Design & Technology in EYFS

The learners in EYFS will have one Design and Technology topic each term. These are; Exploring How Things Work, Develop Small Motor Skills and Explore a Range of Tools. Design and Technology is taught across the day within the continuous provision, through interactions with adults.

Design & Technology in KS1

At Key Stage 1, Learners will begin to build on their explorative skills developed in EYFS. They will cover a range of knowledge and skills such as; building structures, food and nutrition, exploring materials, using mechanical systems and selecting from a range of materials.

Design & Technology in KS2

Learners in Key Stage 2 will continue to build on previously learnt skills and knowledge by following design briefs in the following areas; food and nutrition: understanding seasonality, exploring and using mechanical systems, building complex structures, understanding algorithms and exploring a wide range of materials.

Design & Technology in KS3

At Key Stage 3, learners will further develop their knowledge and skills by looking at specific areas in more depth as well as being introduced to new areas of learning, such as; identifying and solving design problems, learning where food comes from, understanding electrical systems and applying computer knowledge to design a programme.

Design & Technology in KS4 & KS5

Key Stage 4 and 5 focus on preparation for adulthood and developing skills for life. From Key Stage 4, learners will solely focus on Cooking and Nutrition in order to support their transition to life beyond Cann Bridge.

Learners will have the opportunity to use well-equipped purpose-built Food Technology rooms on the community campus as well as their taking their learning out into the local community.

Key Stage 4 will work towards the NOCN accreditations in the following units;

- Make a Simple Meal
- Food Safety and Storage
- Eating Out
- Eating a balanced diet
- Everyday Food and Drink Preparation
- Basic Cooking Techniques

Key Stage 5 will have weekly Food Technology lessons, focusing on the following topics; Food Hygiene, Basic Meals, Planning an Event, Nutrition Awareness and Substantial Snacks. The learners will be assessed against the Steps for Life progression steps.

Progression Steps Framework

Step 1


Creative, Technical & Practical Expertise

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|---|---|---|
| <input type="radio"/> Selects an electrical object that will give light | <input type="radio"/> Presses a switch at a specific point to achieve a desired result | <input type="radio"/> Moves tools generally independently |
| <input type="radio"/> Selects an electrical object that will move | <input type="radio"/> Moves an object in a variety of different ways, e.g. forwards and backwards, in circles, etc. | <input type="radio"/> Chooses the correct familiar material for a task from a group of three, e.g. cardboard, paper, string |
| <input type="radio"/> Selects an electrical object that will make a sound | <input type="radio"/> Snips with scissors | <input type="radio"/> Communicates about textures they feel on different materials |
| <input type="radio"/> Notices the difference without a battery/cell | <input type="radio"/> Rolls, flattens, tears, joins and moulds pliable material | <input type="radio"/> Puts an object together with assistance |
| <input type="radio"/> Makes objects move faster or slower | <input type="radio"/> Chooses the correct familiar tool for a task from a group of three, e.g. paintbrush, scissors, glue | <input type="radio"/> Turns a screw toy anticlockwise |
| <input type="radio"/> Finds an item in their immediate environment that can be pulled | <input type="radio"/> Links or joins construction toys generally independently | <input type="radio"/> Turns a screw toy clockwise |
| <input type="radio"/> Finds an item in their immediate environment that can be pushed | <input type="radio"/> Uses an access/control device to make an object appear | <input type="radio"/> Recognises that when the equipment is turned off, it won't work, e.g. no light from a torch |
| <input type="radio"/> Uses electricity to move an object, e.g. blows an object with an electric fan, manoeuvres a remote-controlled car, etc. | <input type="radio"/> Grasps tools generally independently | <input type="radio"/> Demonstrates awareness they need a tool to help, e.g. asks for scissors to help cut a material |

Designing & Making for Users

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| <input type="radio"/> Requests a tool or object for a purpose | <input type="radio"/> Builds a tower of seven bricks | <input type="radio"/> Chooses an item from a selection to decorate their product |
| <input type="radio"/> States simply how they will make a product, e.g. "Stick box" | <input type="radio"/> Builds a tower of five bricks | <input type="radio"/> Places bricks on top of others successfully |
| <input type="radio"/> Suggests ways to decorate or colour their model | <input type="radio"/> Stacks, organises and re-organises blocks and boxes | <input type="radio"/> Builds a tower of blocks with a member of staff |
| <input type="radio"/> Makes a product for a familiar purpose, e.g. a container to hold pencils | <input type="radio"/> Selects an object for a purpose | <input type="radio"/> Changes a shape made with pliable material |
| | <input type="radio"/> Handles a range of containers of different sizes, materials and openings | <input type="radio"/> Explores the use of building bricks |

Evaluating & Testing Ideas & Products

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| <input type="radio"/> Demonstrates an awareness that specific actions cause an expected result | <input type="radio"/> Identifies textures they feel on materials after verbal prompt, e.g. hard/soft, rough/smooth, shiny/dull | <input type="radio"/> Demonstrates an understanding of how mechanical objects work, e.g. winds up a car to make it move |
| <input type="radio"/> States what they noticed, e.g. 'not working', or 'bigger' | <input type="radio"/> Tests new/unfamiliar objects, e.g. through manipulation/squeezing | <input type="radio"/> Identifies if they can pull, bend, or squash a material after manipulating it |
| <input type="radio"/>  Investigating and Analysing Products | <input type="radio"/> Examines parts of familiar objects up close | <input type="radio"/> Identifies simple differences between materials, e.g. states if a material is dry or wet |
| <input type="radio"/> Identifies one property of a material being handled, e.g. cold, hard, shiny, etc. | <input type="radio"/> Demonstrates an understanding of how electronic objects work | |

Progression Steps Framework

Step 2

Creative, Technical & Practical Expertise

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| <input type="radio"/> Describes, in simple terms, what a cell or battery may do, e.g. "Make it work" | <input type="radio"/> Controls horizontal movement using a switch | <input type="radio"/> Rolls pliable materials into different shapes |
| <input type="radio"/> Names familiar materials or tools, e.g. glue, pencil, scissors | <input type="radio"/> Controls vertical movement using a switch | <input type="radio"/> Finds shapes from description, e.g. with a straight edge |
| <input type="radio"/> Demonstrates understanding that each switch in a two-switch activity will trigger a separate action | <input type="radio"/> Inputs simple operations with some support, e.g. enters directions into a floor turtle | <input type="radio"/> Selects a specific shape from a collection, e.g. circles |
| <input type="radio"/> Understands that they need to push the switch at a particular point (in time or space) to achieve a desired result | <input type="radio"/> Describes the action of a magnet using simple language, e.g. it sticks to things | <input type="radio"/> Communicates about the properties of geometric shape in hand |
| <input type="radio"/> Uses a variety of simple tools to make a model with assistance | <input type="radio"/> Adds wheels to object to make it move | <input type="radio"/> Collects pictures from a range of sources that relate to a specific subject |
| <input type="radio"/> Imitates a member of staff using a range of equipment, e.g. scissors | <input type="radio"/> Indicates that different things move at different speeds, e.g. car/bike | <input type="radio"/> Responds appropriately to texture-based terminology, e.g. how many items are rough, which fabrics are smooth, etc. |
| <input type="radio"/> Indicates that batteries are needed to provide power | <input type="radio"/> Finds inclined planes in their environment, e.g. a ramp, the slide, the stairs, etc. | <input type="radio"/> Selects material which is appropriate for the task |
| <input type="radio"/> Relates the size of battery to an object, e.g. a watch has a small battery and a car has a bigger battery, etc. | <input type="radio"/> Cuts with scissors when paper held for them | <input type="radio"/> Selects tools appropriate for the purpose |
| | <input type="radio"/> Responds appropriately to shape-based terminology, e.g. where's the round shape, pass me the box, etc. | <input type="radio"/> Uses tools with their preferred hand |
| | <input type="radio"/> Uses tools effectively on pliable material | |

Designing & Making for Users

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| <input type="radio"/> Communicates what they want to make with a member of staff | <input type="radio"/> Includes a range of materials in their work in a variety of ways, e.g. buttons, wool, beads, feathers, etc. | <input type="radio"/> Selects colour with purpose |
| <input type="radio"/> Works in 2D | <input type="radio"/> Builds with a range of construction materials | <input type="radio"/> Looks for appropriate shapes, materials or sizes to fit or match their product |
| <input type="radio"/> Works in 3D | <input type="radio"/> Turns objects to align them | <input type="radio"/> Shows an appreciation of a subject's elements through modelling |
| <input type="radio"/> Undertakes a task using some simple tools under supervision | | <input type="radio"/> Suggests what shape they would like to make an object, e.g. "Star biscuits" |

Evaluating & Testing Ideas & Products

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| <input type="radio"/> Communicates about an aspect of their model or product | <input type="radio"/> States who they have made their product for | <input type="radio"/> Explores similar products made from two different materials, e.g. a wooden box and a cardboard box |
| <input type="radio"/> Explains in simple terms what their product does | <input type="radio"/> Gives their model/product a topic-related name | <input type="radio"/> Gives a simple reason why an object is made from a specific material |

L₀ Investigating and Analysing Products

Progression Steps Framework

Step 3

Creative, Technical & Practical Expertise

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| <input type="radio"/> Sorts objects into groups showing how electricity is used, e.g. lights, heats, moves | <input type="radio"/> Describes how objects move using simple terms correctly, e.g. backwards, slowly, etc. | <input type="radio"/> Cuts thicker materials with scissors, e.g. tape, string, etc. |
| <input type="radio"/> Finds the negative and positive ends of a cells using the '-' and '+' symbol | <input type="radio"/> Folds, tears and cuts paper and card | <input type="radio"/> Shows an awareness of safety when using tools |
| <input type="radio"/> Lists different items that use electricity from a range of environments | <input type="radio"/> Hammers gently with support | <input type="radio"/> Attempts to cut different materials to a specific shape |
| <input type="radio"/> Stops activating a switch when the action is complete | <input type="radio"/> Compares tools, e.g. a Phillips and flathead screwdriver | <input type="radio"/> Draws round shape templates |
| <input type="radio"/> Presses a switch to complete an image on a screen | <input type="radio"/> Joins different materials | <input type="radio"/> Describes shapes, listing some properties, e.g. sides, round |
| <input type="radio"/> Repeats switch pressing at appropriate time | <input type="radio"/> Joins components using a variety of methods | <input type="radio"/> Explains why inclined planes make our lives easier in simple terms |
| <input type="radio"/> Explores the results of pressing a button on a robot | <input type="radio"/> Marks the material where a join/cut needs to be made | <input type="radio"/> Adds to a construction kit model to make it stronger or to make it move better |
| <input type="radio"/> Operates a switch to turn on a tool | <input type="radio"/> Explores how different tools work, e.g. clamp | <input type="radio"/> Attempts to change their tall structure to help it become more stable |
| | <input type="radio"/> Draws lines with a ruler | |

Designing & Making for Users

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| <input type="radio"/> Discusses what they are going to do, including how and why in simple terms | <input type="radio"/> Builds towers, bridges and tunnels using wooden bricks | <input type="radio"/> Labels a simple diagram, e.g. puts pictures of body parts on a silhouette |
| <input type="radio"/> Makes a simple drawing to illustrate their idea | <input type="radio"/> Builds using geometric construction material | <input type="radio"/> Describes with familiar, simple key words what actions they took or tools and materials they used to create a finished product |
| <input type="radio"/> Picks out simple tools when named, e.g. metal ruler | <input type="radio"/> Builds using interlocking cogs | <input type="radio"/> Follows a simple pictorial plan to recreate a model, e.g. using pictures of different size/shape boxes |
| <input type="radio"/> Makes a model containing several parts | <input type="radio"/> Builds models with clay or pliable materials using a variety of techniques | |

Evaluating & Testing Ideas & Products

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| <input type="radio"/> Communicates about what they think of their own work | <input type="radio"/> Identifies simple processes they need to develop to improve their design or make work | <input type="radio"/> Identifies some reasons why a specific material is used for a task, e.g. paper for a parcel |
| <input type="radio"/> Describes the purpose of their product, including what or who their product is for | <input checked="" type="radio"/> Investigating and Analysing Products | <input type="radio"/> Describes the effect of turning an object on or off |
| <input type="radio"/> Discusses their work using appropriate vocabulary | | <input type="radio"/> Looks closely at a large compound object and states what materials they see |

Progression Steps Framework

Step 4

Creative, Technical & Practical Expertise

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| <input type="radio"/> Makes a simple lever with assistance | <input type="radio"/> Investigates how to make a structure stiffer | <input type="radio"/> Demonstrates care using tools, when supervised |
| <input type="radio"/> Cuts simple shapes using scissors | <input type="radio"/> Investigates how to make a structure more stable | <input type="radio"/> Hammers using the correct side |
| <input type="radio"/> Lists examples of software which can be activated by switches | <input type="radio"/> Investigates how to make a structure stronger | <input type="radio"/> Makes holes in soft wood using a hand drill with one-to-one support |
| <input type="radio"/> Creates a simple electrical circuit using cells, bulbs, buzzers and wires with support | <input type="radio"/> Measures using a ruler with support | <input type="radio"/> Demonstrates how to turn a screwdriver |
| <input type="radio"/> Constructs things that turn or move with support, e.g. windmills | <input type="radio"/> Identifies simple steps that can be taken to improve safety when using tools | <input type="radio"/> Demonstrates how to hold a nail |
| <input type="radio"/> Creates simple programs using symbols, e.g. robot | <input type="radio"/> Inserts paper fasteners for card linkages | <input type="radio"/> Demonstrates how to hold a hammer |
| <input type="radio"/> Tests the load a structure can carry | <input type="radio"/> Joins materials by overlapping | <input type="radio"/> Cuts straight line with scissors |

Designing & Making for Users

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| <input type="radio"/> Makes a product, structure or object using simple tools successfully, e.g. a hole punch | <input type="radio"/> Selects tools generally appropriate to the task when making a product | <input type="radio"/> Writes a caption or labels on their drawings |
| <input type="radio"/> Makes products, structures or objects using construction materials, e.g. straws to build 3D frameworks | <input type="radio"/> Selects materials generally appropriate to the task when making a product | <input type="radio"/> Records ideas using drawing or information and communication technology |
| <input type="radio"/> Describes with key words what actions they took or tools they used to create a finished product | <input type="radio"/> Follows simple plans to make an object, e.g. stacking 3D objects to recreate a structure on a plan | <input type="radio"/> Designs products for different contexts, e.g. themselves at home, a member of staff in the setting |
| | <input type="radio"/> Makes a basic model to help communicate their ideas | <input type="radio"/> Discusses and explains their design ideas |

Evaluating & Testing Ideas & Products

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|--|---|---|
| <input type="radio"/> Compares their completed work simply against the original design criteria when evaluating their designed product | Lo Investigating and Analysing Products | <input type="radio"/> Lists the materials an object is made from |
| <input type="radio"/> Suggests a way they can improve their product, e.g. in initial design, technical ability | <input type="radio"/> Explains how each material in an object has a role and what that role is, e.g. leather and rubber in a shoe | <input type="radio"/> Suggests what a product is for and who might use it |
| <input type="radio"/> Identifies simple processes they need to develop to improve their completed product | <input type="radio"/> Describes two simple properties of common materials | <input type="radio"/> Explains simply how a product they are evaluating works |

Progression Steps Framework

Step 5

Creative, Technical & Practical Expertise

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| <input type="radio"/> Scores card before folding | <input type="radio"/> Holds a saw correctly | <input type="radio"/> Explains how they think a lever works |
| <input type="radio"/> Identifies some techniques for using common tools | <input type="radio"/> Curls paper | <input type="radio"/> Identifies simple levers |
| <input type="radio"/> Identifies different ways of joining materials | <input type="radio"/> Cares for tools and materials | <input type="radio"/> Makes objects move using wheels, axels and/or construction kits |
| <input type="radio"/> Suggests why they need to saw in a straight line | <input type="radio"/> Writes a simple sequence of computer instructions to create an outcome | <input type="radio"/> Makes a structure more stable, stiff or strong after simple testing |
| <input type="radio"/> Saws with one-to-one support | <input type="radio"/> Creates a simple electrical circuit using cells, bulbs, buzzers and wires | <input type="radio"/> Joins simply with given tools and materials successfully |
| <input type="radio"/> Puts tools away safely | <input type="radio"/> Follows instructions to make a simple mechanism | <input type="radio"/> Cuts along lines, straight and curved with some accuracy |
| <input type="radio"/> Identifies tools which could be dangerous | <input type="radio"/> Describes what a simple mechanism does, e.g. lifts | |

Designing & Making for Users

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|--|---|---|
| <input type="radio"/> Employs simple finishing techniques when working with a range of materials | <input type="radio"/> Communicates about their art and design work as it develops | <input type="radio"/> States where the product they have designed will be used, e.g. home, in the setting, industry |
| <input type="radio"/> Names some of the tools and materials they selected to make their product | <input type="radio"/> Combines construction kits with other material | <input type="radio"/> States who will use the product they have designed, e.g. themselves or others |
| <input type="radio"/> Demonstrates safe use of tools when making their product | <input type="radio"/> Considers the final appearance of the product | <input type="radio"/> Creates simple plans of their designs |
| | <input type="radio"/> Makes a simple template of their product with support | <input type="radio"/> Investigates actual items or products as starting point |

Evaluating & Testing Ideas & Products

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|--|---|--|
| <input type="radio"/> Compares their end product with their design criteria | <input type="radio"/> Suggests some ways they could improve a specific area of their own design work | <input type="radio"/> Describes what they like or dislike about an object or product |
| <input type="radio"/> Demonstrates some appreciation of the user's needs, noting if and how they are met | <input type="radio"/> L₀ Investigating and Analysing Products | <input type="radio"/> Evaluates a product against simple, given criteria |
| <input type="radio"/> Justifies their choice of design from a selection of ideas | <input type="radio"/> Explains why an object is made from a specific material/s, based on their understanding of their properties | <input type="radio"/> Gives reasons why materials are used for specific purpose |

Progression Steps Framework

Step 6

Creative, Technical & Practical Expertise

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| <input type="radio"/> Chooses different joins which are generally appropriate to task | <input type="radio"/> Looks at and discusses examples of levers, e.g. how a pedal bin works and the name of the mechanism used | <input type="radio"/> Measures in centimetres using a ruler |
| <input type="radio"/> Investigates temporary, fixed and moving joins | <input type="radio"/> Employs a simple mechanism in their product | <input type="radio"/> Generally selects the correct equipment or tools for the task |
| <input type="radio"/> Draws lines along a straight edge | <input type="radio"/> Explains how they think a mechanism works | <input type="radio"/> Cuts and shapes a range of materials with some support |
| <input type="radio"/> Plans and enters a sequence of instructions forming an algorithm, e.g. specifying distance and turns | <input type="radio"/> Suggests how to make their structure stronger, more stable or stiffer using simple techniques or equipment they have previously tried | <input type="radio"/> Removes rough edges using sandpaper |
| <input type="radio"/> Creates simple electrical circuits using given equipment | <input type="radio"/> Joins textiles using glue, staples or simple stitches | <input type="radio"/> Clasps an object in a vice with support |
| | <input type="radio"/> Cuts out more precisely using scissors | <input type="radio"/> Saws using a junior hacksaw with some support |
| | | <input type="radio"/> Grips an object with pliers |

Designing & Making for Users

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|---|--|---|
| <input type="radio"/> Employs simple finishing techniques to enhance their product | <input type="radio"/> Measures components in their design product with some care | <input type="radio"/> Selects material using simple characteristics as a basis |
| <input type="radio"/> Suggests some ways they could improve their making technique, e.g. cut more slowly, taking time to be precise | <input type="radio"/> Manipulates materials to create new or different shapes | <input type="radio"/> Explains how their product will work |
| <input type="radio"/> Follows instructions when using tools | <input type="radio"/> Creates a model or mock-up of part or all of the product | <input type="radio"/> Designs or makes a product using knowledge from previous work |
| <input type="radio"/> Explains why they have chosen tools, techniques or materials | <input type="radio"/> Labels diagrams or pictures using given information | <input type="radio"/> Takes into account some of the design criteria |

Evaluating & Testing Ideas & Products

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| <input type="radio"/> Explains how and why they would change or improve a specific area of their product | <input type="radio"/> States how a product works when evaluating, using some technical language, e.g. with gears | <input type="radio"/> Gives simple examples of how the uses for a material have changed over time, e.g. bags to carry shopping |
| <input type="radio"/> Explains simply why the properties of a material make is suitable or unsuitable for a purpose | <input type="radio"/> Suggests the possible range of users when evaluating a product | <input type="radio"/> Evaluates their product against the design criteria, using key words |
| <input type="radio"/> Investigating and Analysing Products | <input type="radio"/> Suggests alternative materials for an object to be made from | |

Progression Steps Framework

Step 7

Creative, Technical & Practical Expertise

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| <input type="radio"/> Writes programs that accomplish specific goals | <input type="radio"/> Discusses the method, equipment and materials they can use to make an item stable or stronger | <input type="radio"/> Joins or combines resistant materials, e.g. strip wood at right angles |
| <input type="radio"/> Includes a control box to operate switch | <input type="radio"/> Identifies what makes items stable or stronger | <input type="radio"/> Joins materials using temporary fastenings |
| <input type="radio"/> Includes simple circuits in their product, e.g. to create light or motion | <input type="radio"/> Explains why they chose specific processes | <input type="radio"/> Joins materials using permanent fastenings |
| <input type="radio"/> Devises a simple switch on their model | <input type="radio"/> Selects tools relating to their functionality | <input type="radio"/> Makes holes accurately, e.g. using a drill |
| <input type="radio"/> Recognises simple mechanical systems, e.g. pneumatics | <input type="radio"/> Marks the position for screws or nails using a tool, e.g. bradawl | <input type="radio"/> Shapes resistant materials, e.g. makes rectangle or square from strip wood |
| <input type="radio"/> Includes a simple mechanism in their product | <input type="radio"/> Includes the use of simple construction materials where appropriate | <input type="radio"/> Cuts strip wood or dowel to length with some accuracy |
| <input type="radio"/> Suggests a mechanism to use in their product to fulfil a specific requirement | <input type="radio"/> Aids the finish or construction of their product using sandpaper | <input type="radio"/> Cuts resistant materials, e.g. strip wood using saw |
| | <input type="radio"/> Joins using a low temperature glue gun | <input type="radio"/> Follows safety rules when using a range of tools |

Designing & Making for Users

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| <input type="radio"/> Attempts to improve the finish of their product | <input type="radio"/> Works out the order of the process when making their product | <input type="radio"/> Communicates realistic ideas, e.g. how different parts of the product will work, use of available resources |
| <input type="radio"/> Chooses materials to fit the aesthetic quality of their design | <input type="radio"/> Selects materials relating to their functionality | <input type="radio"/> Gathers information about the needs or wants of a particular group or individual to aid their design, e.g. by undertaking a simple consumer survey |
| <input type="radio"/> Measures, marks out and cuts with some accuracy | <input type="radio"/> Develops their own ideas as they design, e.g. when creating a prototype | <input type="radio"/> Designs products to be used in different contexts |
| <input type="radio"/> Refers to their design or plans whilst making | <input type="radio"/> Uses a graphics program, e.g. to design elements such as a pattern | |
| <input type="radio"/> Assembles or joins parts of their product successfully | <input type="radio"/> Decides on the criteria for a product | |

Evaluating & Testing Ideas & Products

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| <input type="radio"/> Evaluates own ideas and products, e.g. noting similarities and differences between the original plan and finished product | <input type="radio"/> Describes how improvements suggested by others would improve their final product | <input type="radio"/> Suggests how a design or product affected or changed people's lives around the world |
| <input type="radio"/> Tests their product | <input type="radio"/> Explains the reasons behind why modifications were made | <input type="radio"/> Investigates and analyses a range of products using key words to describe their findings |
| <input type="radio"/> Considers the visual impact of the finished product | <input type="radio"/> Investigating and Analysing Products | <input type="radio"/> Researches some of the great designers in different areas of study |

Progression Steps Framework

Step 8

Creative, Technical & Practical Expertise

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| <input type="radio"/> Controls and models using software designed for purpose | <input type="radio"/> Demonstrates how to use a vice correctly | <input type="radio"/> Joins a range of materials, e.g. using slotting movements |
| <input type="radio"/> Writes code to control and monitor models or products | <input type="radio"/> Measures and cuts in millimetres | <input type="radio"/> Drills two pieces of material together |
| <input type="radio"/> Draws conventional symbols correctly when designing circuits | <input type="radio"/> Measures accurately in millimetres | <input type="radio"/> Cuts to a line using a saw |
| <input type="radio"/> Changes speed using mechanisms | <input type="radio"/> Describes linear motion | <input type="radio"/> Makes different cuts mostly accurately, e.g. with scissors or saws |
| <input type="radio"/> Changes direction using mechanisms | <input type="radio"/> Chooses finishing techniques appropriate to creating a quality product | <input type="radio"/> Shapes a range of resistant materials |
| <input type="radio"/> Describes the function of mechanical systems in a product | <input type="radio"/> Marks out using a variety of equipment e.g. steel rule, set square | <input type="radio"/> Uses machine tools safely and accurately under supervision |
| <input type="radio"/> Identifies how to strengthen, stiffen or reinforce a range of materials and applies this to different situations | <input type="radio"/> Files metal to size | <input type="radio"/> Independently uses simple hand tools safely and accurately |
| | <input type="radio"/> Explains the suitability of using different joins, e.g. nuts and bolts for joins that need to be undone later | |

Designing & Making for Users

- | | | |
|--|--|---|
| <input type="radio"/> Makes sure that the finish of product is suitable for users | <input type="radio"/> Assembles materials in accordance with plans | <input type="radio"/> Produces detailed plans using a range of techniques, e.g. cross-sectional, exploded diagrams |
| <input type="radio"/> Identifies an appropriate method of finishing product, taking note of aesthetics | <input type="radio"/> Assembles components to make a working product using a range of materials | <input type="radio"/> Creates realistic designs which are suitable for the task |
| <input type="radio"/> Demonstrates techniques which are multi-step | <input type="radio"/> Decides on the correct tools and processes to match the chosen material | <input type="radio"/> Creates a design criteria which demonstrates attention to aesthetic and function of a product |
| <input type="radio"/> Suggests ways to proceed when problems occur | <input type="radio"/> Measures and marks out the required length on a range of materials with accuracy | <input type="radio"/> Produces simple, accurate product drawings or models using CAD software |
| <input type="radio"/> Makes modifications as work is in progress | <input type="radio"/> Tests basic requirements using a prototype | <input type="radio"/> Designs products to be used within a range of contexts |

Evaluating & Testing Ideas & Products

- | | | |
|---|---|--|
| <input type="radio"/> Outlines how modifications for improvements suggested by others could be implemented and how they would improve the final product | <input type="radio"/> Investigating and Analysing Products | <input type="radio"/> Suggests reasons why or how a designer generated an original idea which improved an existing model, e.g. horticultural technologies |
| <input type="radio"/> Outlines the effects of modifications that were made during the making process | <input type="radio"/> Investigates and analyses a range of products against a wide ranging criteria, using key words to describe their findings appropriately | <input type="radio"/> Researches or discusses information about key individuals in design and technology who have created products which helped shape the world, e.g. a chef or engineer |
| <input type="radio"/> Comments on the effectiveness of their product when evaluating their ideas and products | | |

Progression Steps Framework

Step 9

Creative, Technical & Practical Expertise

- ☐ Employs innovative combinations of electronics, computing and mechanisms in their products
- ☐ Includes programmable components in their products with support
- ☐ Ensures a desired effect is created using a range of electrical components confidently
- ☐ Recognises moving pivots and fixed pivots
- ☐ Recognises a range of mechanisms including bell cranks, sliders, ratchet and pawls, rack and pinions
- ☐ Explores how to change the appearance of a range of materials, e.g. colouring technique in fabric
- ☐ Combines appropriate materials within a product which provide a range of uses, e.g. fabric for comfort, card to stiffen
- ☐ Explores more complex finishing processes, e.g. wood staining, enamelling, dip coating
- ☐ Makes own decisions about how they will combine materials and techniques to create a specific effect
- ☐ Understands the working properties of materials and selects appropriate materials to be used in products to produce functional solutions to design ideas

Designing & Making for Users

- ☐ Organises practical work consistently so that processes are carried out accurately
- ☐ Employs specialist equipment to produce a product/part of product
- ☐ Displays adaptation when making
- ☐ Shows a detailed understanding of the equipment, materials, tools, components and processes worked with to produce a very good quality product
- ☐ Works mostly to plan, correcting any mistakes with little help
- ☐ Annotates all designs with the materials and sizes, and refers to the processes that will be used
- ☐ Produces a detailed plan of making, including accurate timings and HACCP, suggesting alternative ways of making the product at certain stages
- ☐ Develops a detailed specification that will inform innovative and appealing design ideas that are suitable for a specific user
- ☐ Analyses existing products by justifying the different materials and processes used in their manufacture
- ☐ Explores the needs of others in depth and uses research to help create design ideas that are suitable for the user
- ☐ Takes into account the properties of materials, explaining why they are used
- ☐ Uses a range of tools, equipment, materials and components with precision, to consistently produce a well finished product

Evaluating & Testing Ideas & Products

- ☐ Justifies any modifications or improvements that were needed and modifies the product based on the evaluation which led to an improved final product
- ☐ Tests the product carefully against the design specification, using this to further improve ideas
- ☐ Evaluates their work regularly throughout the design and making process
- ☐ Thoroughly tests and evaluates the final product as it was being used, highlighting any weaknesses
- ☐ Understands the responsibilities of Designers, Engineers and Technologists
- ☐ Analyses the work of past and present professionals and explains how this has impacted on both original ideas and final product
- ☐ Suggests own criteria to investigate against when looking at existing products



Investigating and Analysing Products

Progression Steps Framework

Step 10

Creative, Technical & Practical Expertise

- ☐ Understands and uses the properties of materials and the performance of structural elements to achieve functioning solutions
- ☐ Understands how more advanced mechanical systems used in their products enable changes in movement and force
- ☐ Understands how more advanced electrical and electronic systems can be powered and used in their products
- ☐ Applies computing and uses electronics to embed intelligence in products that respond to inputs and control outputs using programmable components

Designing & Making for Users

- ☐ Uses research and exploration, such as the study of different cultures, to identify and understand user needs
- ☐ Identifies and solves their own design problems and understand how to reformulate problems given to them
- ☐ Develops specifications to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that respond to needs in a variety of situations
- ☐ Uses a variety of approaches, to generate creative ideas and avoid stereotypical responses
- ☐ Develops and communicates design ideas using annotated sketches, detailed plans, 3-D and mathematical modelling, oral and digital presentations and computer-based tools
- ☐ Selects from and uses specialist tools, techniques, processes, equipment and machinery precisely, including computer-aided manufacture
- ☐ Selects from and use a wider, more complex range of materials, components and ingredients, taking into account their properties

Evaluating & Testing Ideas & Products

- ☐ Analyses the work of past and present professionals and others to develop and broaden their understanding
- ☐ Investigates new and emerging technologies
- ☐ Tests, evaluates and refines their ideas and products against a specification, taking into account the views of intended users and other interested groups
- ☐ Understands developments in design and technology, its impact on individuals, society and the environment, and the responsibilities of designers, engineers and technologists