

Gender Pay Gap Report at 31 March 2024

Blackgates Primary Academy
East Ardsley Primary Academy
Hill Top Primary Academy
Westerton Primary Academy
Woodkirk Academy
Leodis Central Team

1. Introduction and purpose

The gender pay gap is the difference between the average (mean or median) earnings of men and women across a workforce. Gender pay gap reporting is a legal requirement for employers with a headcount of 250 or more on the 'snapshot date' which must comply with regulations on gender pay gap reporting.

Gender pay gap calculations are based on employer payroll data drawn from a specific date each year. This specific date is called the 'snapshot date'. This date is 31 March for public authority employers such as Leodis.

Leodis Academies Trust follows the national bodies for both teachers and support staff pay, meaning we have pay transparency that meets robust public scrutiny. Our recruitment processes anonymise applications at the point of shortlisting, so the panel are unable to identify the gender of an applicant, also, we ensure that we treat male and female applicants for all roles equally in relation to pay upon appointment, the role is advertised a specific rate or range and this is what level the successful applicant is appointed at. The Trust introduced a job evaluation scheme in summer 2022 and all new roles are evaluated before going out for advert.

Whilst only required to publish comparison with local and national data, Leodis Academies Trust see this as an opportunity to go beyond statutory requirements and publish our action plan in response to the gender pay gap.

This report is an important tool for highlighting the issues in relation to the gender pay gap within Leodis Academies Trust – both for our Trust Board and also for our staff. The Trust Board, through local governance, control the resources that will help us narrow the gap but also it is important that the Board has scrutiny over what we are doing to close the gap. It is also important to us that we share this with our staff so that we can listen to their feedback and ideas to help narrow the gap.

2. Employee numbers

On the snapshot date for the Gender Pay Gap Report, the split of employees was as follows. These numbers are what the data is based upon.

Total number of employees	424
Number of female employees	336
Number of male employees	87

3. Our data

Mean Gender Hourly Pay Gap

mean condition hours, ay cap					
		Trend from last reporting period			
Mean Female Hourly Pay	£21.08				
Mean Male Hourly Pay	£26.32				
Mean Gender Hourly Pay Gap	19.9%				

Median Gender Hourly Pay Gap

		Trend from last reporting period		
Median Female Hourly Pay	£18.73			
Median Male Hourly Pay	£28.01			
Median Gender Hourly Pay Gap	33.1%			

Mean and	median diffe	erence between	een male and	No bonuses paid
female bonuses				
Proportion	of females	and males	who received	No bonuses paid
bonuses				·

The Gender Pay Gap reports on the difference between male and female pay and the above therefore shows that both the mean and median differences are in favour of males. Last year the figures were 22.1% in relation to the mean difference and 33.5% in relation to the median difference, this is showing that there has been a steady reduction over the past few years in line with national figures.

The average mean difference in the Education sector overall in 2024 was 12.5% and average median for that period was 17.2% $^{\rm 1}$

Pay Quartiles

Quartile	Female	Trend from last reporting period	Male	Trend from last reporting period
Upper: 75-100% of full-pay relevant employees	74%	1	26%	1
Upper middle: 50-75% of full-pay relevant employees	74%	1	16%	1
Lower middle: 25-50% of full-pay relevant employees	81%	1	19%	
Lower: 0-25% of full-pay relevant employees	93%	1	7%	1

_

¹ ONS 2024

4. Factors influencing the data

The gender pay gap can be attributed to four major factors. Some of these issues affect all organisations and others are specific to the education sector:

Seniority of role

The single biggest factor influencing the data is the number of teaching assistants, lunchtime assistants and catering staff employed directly by the Trust. A significant proportion of these employees are women. All of these posts fall into the lower and lower middle quartiles. The hourly rate for these roles impacts on the average hourly rate (mean and median) for the Trust. The overall pay gap reflects workforce composition rather than pay inequalities.

Working pattern

Women outnumber men in relation to working part time and regardless of whether job holders are male or female, part time roles are more common in the lower pay quartiles.

Type of role

Our whole workforce is predominantly female, but the proportion of women in support roles is even higher than in teaching roles.

School phase

The primary phase is more likely to employ females and average salaries tend to be lower compared to the secondary phase.

Other factors

In relation to the local area, the Leeds Living Wage changes year on year and this reduces the difference in hourly rate between the lowest paid employees and other employees.

It is recognised nationally that women are more likely to be able to achieve pay parity with their male colleagues when they mirror what men do, i.e. work full time and do not take time out to have children.

The pandemic has widened opportunity for those who may wish to work from home as employers are more flexible than pre-pandemic. This could mean that 'fixed' jobs such as those in schools are less appealing and potentially pay less than other roles which are available working for other employers.

5. Actions taken so far

At Leodis Academies Trust, we:

- Use pay scales for all teachers that are aligned to the School Teachers Pay and Conditions document, which is reviewed on an annual basis. For non-teaching staff we use pay scales set by the NJC (National Joint Council for Local Government Services).
- Ensure pay is not adversely affected after a maternity break.
- Use skill-based assessment tasks in recruitment for some posts, instead of relying only on interviews. This means that candidates are required to perform tasks they would be expected to perform in the role they are applying for.
- Understand our role as educators in reducing the gender pay gap. Careers advice
 to encourage our female students to consider male dominated professions is one
 example as research shows one of the contributory factors regarding the gap is the
 type of industries and jobs open to women.
- Review our pay policy annually as is our current practice, considering its transparency and explicit pay determination processes.
- Will continue to conduct exit interviews across the Trust for all to try and understand if there are any reasons for leaving which could be linked to gender.

6. Future Actions

In the future, we will aim to:

- Continue to scrutinise recruitment, remuneration, reward and staff development practices.
- Consider Trust wide equal access to training and development opportunities, especially those available to women with care commitments.
- Continue with our development of females who may be aspiring to leadership roles.
- Consider our approach to apprenticeships both as a way of providing a talent pipeline for female staff and also developing current staff across the Trust.
- Monitor and review how we deal with flexible working applications so that we are fair and consistent including a record of successful applications.
- Continue monitoring of performance related pay decisions with regard to starting salaries, part time working and maternity leave.
- Assess the number of men and woman in each job or pay band, assess any reward components at different levels.
- Record the numbers of men and women who apply and are successful for internal promotion.
- Assess the proportion of women and men who return to work after maternity, paternity, adoption or shared parental leave to resume their original job recording how many leave within a two year period.

7. Conclusion

We hope to continue the progress that has been made in reducing the gender pay gap – not just for Leodis Academies Trust but for the benefit of wider society.

We want to be known as an employer of choice who recruits, values and develops female talent equally to male counterparts, whether in full time or part time work. Reducing the gender pay gap will contribute towards this.

Sally Adkin Leodis HR Manager 27 February 2025