

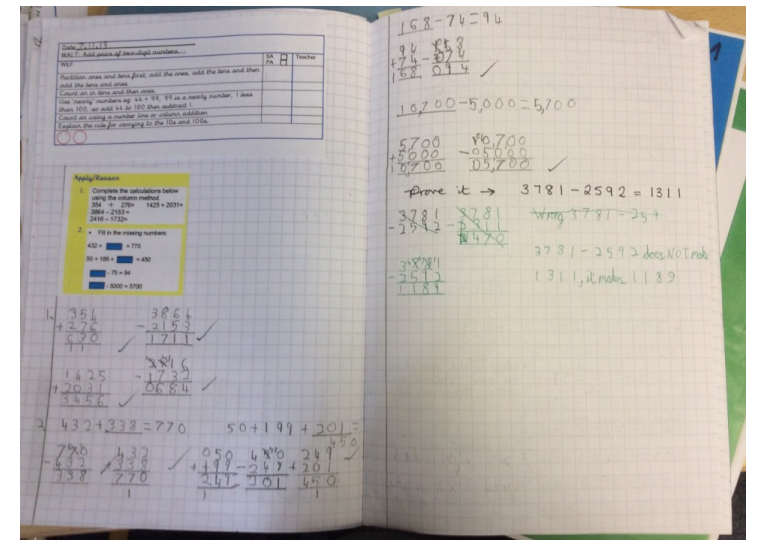
# Assessment

How do we know our children are making good progress?

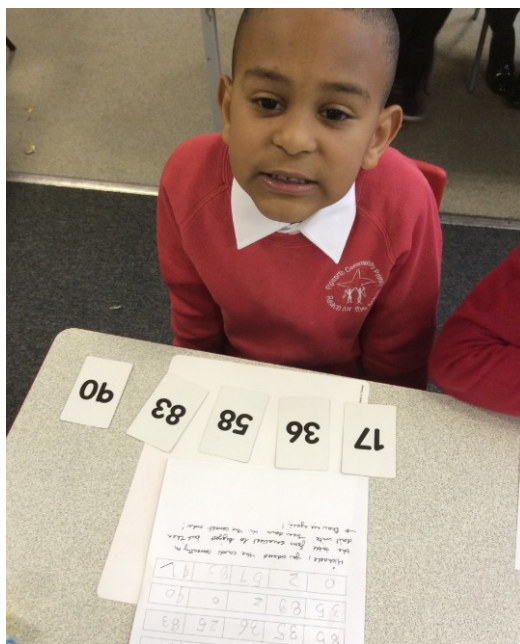


# Work Scrutiny

- Every half term, leaders take a focused look at books and carry out a work scrutiny to make sure standards are high and good practice is shared across the school. Staff receive whole school feedback on strengths and areas for development as well as personalised feedback.
- *Marking, Feedback and Appropriate Praise*
- *High Expectation and Challenge*
- *Presentation and lesson Design*



# Whole School Feedback



Book Scrutiny Monitoring Autumn Term 2				Subject: <u>Maths</u>		Whole School Feedback		Date:	
MAIN FOCUS: High Expectations and Challenge									
	Tasks are based on appropriate year group expectation	Pre learning tasks or assessments are carried out on a regular basis to ensure work is pitched at an appropriate level	There is challenge for all groups of learners to deepen learning - including the most able	Regular planned opportunities for the mastery of skills - e.g. pop backs, quizzes, investigations, puzzles, statements to test, prove its	Many children achieve identified next steps in marking	Most children are achieving success criteria	Teachers and other adults correct children's incorrect use of English when necessary e.g. when children are writing explanations	Children are making expected progress (or better)	

## Strengths

Teachers use recent summative assessment data to teach and plan lessons that are at the appropriate next levels of attainment for groups, including the most able.

Tasks are mostly based on the appropriate year group expectations, but the teacher ensures all groups are challenged to deepen learning.

The teacher plans regular opportunities for the mastery of skills or understanding and their application in contexts that move learning forward - using and applying skills learned, including investigations, puzzles and statements to test.

Most work is acknowledge marked.

Most WILFs are ticked off.

Some modelling and scaffolding when an error is made.

## Areas for Development

Marking Feedback - we need to return to the feedback policy as a school to address some of the issues related to post learning feedback (we will do this in training day in Jan 2022)

Still need to develop the use of reasoning through written explanations and using the correct vocabulary e.g. giving children stem sentences or vocabulary prompts

Little evidence of TA input - if working with a group are there opportunities for them to model and scaffold in the children's books?

# Individual Feedback

Book Scrutiny Monitoring Autumn Term 2				Subject: <u>Maths</u>	Teacher:	Date: 8.12.21		
MAIN FOCUS: High Expectations and Challenge								
	<i>Tasks are based on appropriate year group expectation</i>	<i>Pre learning tasks or assessments are carried out on a regular basis to ensure work is pitched at an appropriate level</i>	<i>There is challenge for all groups of learners to deepen learning - including the most able</i>	<i>Regular planned opportunities for the mastery of skills - e.g. pop backs, quizzes, investigations, puzzles, statements to test, prove its</i>	<i>Many children achieve identified next steps in marking</i>	<i>Most children are achieving success criteria</i>	<i>Teachers and other adults correct children's incorrect use of English when necessary e.g. when children are writing explanations</i>	<i>Children are making expected progress (or better)</i>
Name:							No evidence	
Name:							No evidence	
Name:							Number reversals identified and practised	

## Strengths

Teachers use recent summative assessment data to teach and plan lessons that are at the appropriate next levels of attainment for groups, including the most able.

Targets and success criteria are set for children based on challenging but realistic progress measures, appropriate to groups of children. Many children are achieving next steps identified in marking.

Tasks are mostly based on the appropriate year group expectations, but the teacher ensures all groups are challenged to deepen learning.

The teacher plans regular opportunities for the mastery of skills or understanding and their application in contexts that move learning forward - using and applying skills learned, including investigations, puzzles and statements to test.

Prove its

Opportunities to start on apply for HAP pupil

## Areas for Development

Marking to move the learner on

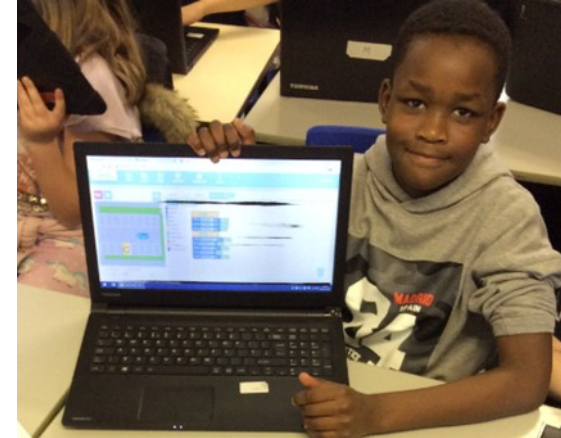


# Lesson Observations

- Each term, leaders visit classrooms for a formal lesson observation, where the staff team receive feedback on how to improve their practice.



# Individual Lesson Feedback



Evidence form							
<b>Observed</b>	<b>Observer</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Time of day</b>	<b>Length of Observation</b>	30 mins		
Focus (inspection trail or main purpose of the activity) Quality of teaching and learning Behaviour		Context (lesson objective or description of activity) Writing a script for an advert FDP MATHS					
Information gathered for lesson observations only							
<b>Year group (s)</b>	6	<b>Grouping</b> (see footnote <sup>1</sup> )	MC SU SA SL O	<b>Subject</b>	MATHS	<b>Present /NOR</b>	14
<b>Previous Targets</b>			<b>Whole School Targets</b>				
-Think about how to involve and support EAL/SEN pupils more during teacher delivery.			<b>behaviour, engagement, the use of questioning and the use of reviews/popbacks within the lesson, to ensure progress by the end of the lesson'</b>				
<b>Evidence</b>							
<p><b>Pop Back</b> to start the lesson Took feedback from children, Modelled their answers/thinking on IWB, Corrected misconceptions</p> <p>Circulated the room well, giving feedback or prompts if children were struggling, modelled using jottings on mini whiteboards to support children and move their thinking/learning on</p> <p>Children all engaged in task and could work through at their own pace – challenge questions to engage and move HAP learners on</p> <p>Time warnings so pupils knew how long they had to work on a question and kept them motivated throughout</p> <p>Teacher supported EAL pupils with direct and personal feedback – challenged them to give answers and work through their thinking when giving responses</p>							

## Fractions, Decimals, Percentages

Quick recap on recent learning

Instant feedback so children knew if they were correct or not and misconceptions quickly addressed

Introduced new method for working out percentages – gave children a few quick questions to practise on their whiteboards to see who could do them and then moved onto another method

Climate of mutual understanding and feedback – children confident to ask questions e.g. What if you can't divide by 100? And answers were respectfully worked through with the class with teacher modelling how to do it.

Behaviour for learning good throughout the lesson – all pupils engaged and knew how well they were doing which motivated them as learners

Good teacher modelling

Great pace kept throughout the lesson with good balance between teacher input and independent tasks – not time wasted so behaviour for learning remained good throughout

Pop Backs used well to recap on previous learning from some time ago and also more recent learning ie. FDP

TARGET

Ask children to come out and model how they worked it out for the rest of the class to give them more opportunities to talk mathematically.

## Overall quality of teaching judgement based on evidence:

Evidence	Behaviour	Learning and Progress

<sup>1</sup> Grouping codes: MC = Mixed ability class; SU = Setted, upper ability; SA = Setted, average ability; SL = Setted, lower ability; O = Other

# Target Setting

- At the beginning of each school year, teachers and the assessment lead meet to set aspirational targets for each child in the core subjects. Every 10-12 weeks, teachers and leaders meet to discuss each child's progress towards these targets. If it looks like a child may not reach their target, interventions are put in place. These interventions are evaluated at the end of each term. The data from these meetings, along with any evaluations of interventions are shared with staff and governors termly. We use an online tracking tool, called O'Track, to collate this data.

	Phonics		End of Y4				Y5								Difference Between Last Stage to Current Expectation
	Pass	EYFS	EYFS20	KS1	Prev Sum		Start of Year Expectation		Aut End		Spr End		Sum End		
	Score	Score	Score	Result	Stage	ARE	Stage	Stage	ARE	Stage	ARE	Stage	ARE	Gap	
E	Yes	2	-	EXS	AE	OT	WB	WT	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-1	
D.E	-	-	-	-	-	OT	WB	WB	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-2	
S	No	1	-	WTS	WT	OT	WB	WB	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-2	
D	No	1	-	WTS	WB	OT	WB	WB	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-2	
D.S	No	1	-	WTS	WB	OT	WB	WB	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-2	
	Yes	3	-	GDS	AE	OT	WB	OT	OT	-	OT	-	OT	0	
D	No	1	-	WTS	WB	OT	WB	WB	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-2	
D	-	-	-	-	-	OT	-	-	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-1	
D.E	Yes	2	-	EXS	AE	OT	WB	WT	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-1	
D.S	-	-	-	-	-	OT	OT	WB	WB	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-2
D.E	Yes	2	-	EXS	OT	OT	WB	WT	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-1	
	Yes	2	-	GDS	AE	OT	WB	OT	OT	-	OT	-	OT	0	
D	Yes	2	-	EXS	OT	OT	WB	WT	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-1	
D	Yes	1	-	EXS	OT	OT	WB	WT	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-1	
D	No	1	-	WTS	WT	OT	WB	WT	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-1	
D.S	No	1	-	WTS	OT	OT	WB	WB	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-2	
	Yes	3	-	GDS	GD	OT	WB	OT	OT	-	OT	-	OT	0	
D	-	-	-	-	WB	OT	WB	WB	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-2	
	Yes	2	-	EXS	AE	OT	WB	OT	OT	-	OT	-	OT	0	
E	-	-	-	-	-	OT	-	-	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-1	
D.E	-	-	-	-	-	OT	WB	WT	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-1	
	No	2	-	EXS	OT	OT	WB	WT	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-1	
S.E	Yes	1	-	PK3	WB	OT	WB	WB	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-2	
S.E	-	-	-	-	-	OT	WB	WT	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-1	

Please note: The overall summaries are on the following page.

Year Group	Reading	Writing	Maths
1	63%	55%	57%
2	61%	60%	67%
3	53%	53%	55%
4	73%	62%	66%
5	75%	73%	73%
6	75%	77%	71%

% of pupils to be on track or above by year end

# Target Setting meetings/ Termly PPM

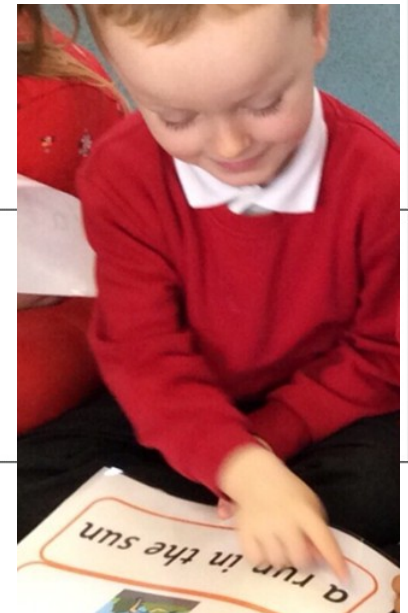
Target Setting Meeting : DATE

Year \_\_\_\_\_

	Phonics		End of				Y4		Y5						Difference between Last Stage to Summer Expedition
	Pass	EYFS	EYFS20	KS1	Prev Sum	Start of Year Examine	Aut End		Spr End		Sum End				
	Score	Score	Score	Result	Stage	ARE	Stage	Stage	ARE	Stage	ARE	Stage	ARE	Gap	
E	Yes	2	-	EXS	AE	OT	WB	WT	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-1	
D.E	-	-	-	-	-	OT	WB	WB	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-2	
S	No	1	-	WTS	WT	OT	WB	WB	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-2	
D	No	1	-	WTS	WB	OT	WB	WB	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-2	
D.S	No	1	-	WTS	WB	OT	WB	WB	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-2	
	Yes	3	-	GDS	AE	OT	WB	OT	OT	-	OT	-	OT	0	
D	No	1	-	WTS	WB	OT	WB	WB	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-2	
D	-	-	-	-	-	OT	-	-	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-	
D.E	Yes	2	-	EXS	AE	OT	WB	WT	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-1	
D.S	-	-	-	-	OT	OT	WB	WB	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-2	
D.E	Yes	2	-	EXS	OT	OT	WB	WT	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-1	
	Yes	2	-	GDS	AE	OT	WB	OT	OT	-	OT	-	OT	0	
D	Yes	2	-	EXS	OT	OT	WB	WT	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-1	
D	Yes	1	-	EXS	OT	OT	WB	WT	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-1	
D	No	1	-	WTS	WT	OT	WB	WT	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-1	
D.S	No	1	-	WTS	OT	OT	WB	WB	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-2	
	Yes	3	-	GDS	GD	OT	WB	OT	OT	-	OT	-	OT	0	
D	-	-	-	-	WB	OT	WB	WB	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-2	
	Yes	2	-	EXS	AE	OT	WB	OT	OT	-	OT	-	OT	0	
E	-	-	-	-	-	OT	-	-	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	OT	WB	WT	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-1	
D.E	-	-	-	-	-	OT	WB	WT	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-1	
	No	2	-	EXS	OT	OT	WB	WT	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-1	
S.E	Yes	1	-	PK3	WB	OT	WB	WB	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-2	
S.E	-	-	-	-	-	OT	WB	WT	OT	-	OT	-	OT	-1	

Please note: The overall summaries are on the following page.

Subject	Actions	Achieved
Reading	Daily Readers Phonics Intervention Target Group in Class	
Writing	Target Group In Class Handwriting Group	
Maths	Target Group In Class Intervention Group Pre Teach Group	



# Moderation

- Each half term, we carry out internal moderations and each term we carry out external moderations. We work with other schools in our locality and an outstanding school across the city to moderate our teaching assessment judgements. Different year group teams work together in school for moderation purposes so that staff are aware of the curriculum before their year group and after, so that it sharpens staffs subject knowledge and practice.

CURRICULUM AREA TO BE MODERATED:WRITING	WAS SUPPORT GIVEN?	ELEMENTS OF OT	NEXT STEPS FOR THIS CHILD
<b>Year 1</b>	Unclear	<p>Consistent spelling/phonetically plausible</p> <p>Good punctuation</p> <p>Consistent handwriting</p> <p>Sentences in order</p>	<p>For nonfiction writing vary sentence openers</p> <p>Using more conjunctions</p> <p>Capital letters for places</p> <p>Using prefixes and suffixes</p>
<b>Year 2:</b>	Independent	<p>Writes coherent narratives</p> <p>Commas in a list (greater depth)</p> <p>Some suffixes</p> <p>Making simple revisions (greater depth)</p> <p>Spellings</p>	<p>Handwriting – correct size/relationship to each other/descenders</p> <p>Variety of coordination</p> <p>Vary sentence openers and styles</p>

# RAG Review

- In addition to this, we carry out subject reviews. Each subject has a 'deep dive' RAG document, which is updated regularly. Within this, pupil voices are recorded, it is important to us to hear the children talk about their learning; their strengths, areas to work on and the progress they have made. The content of these RAG documents are then formulated into an annual action plans and sometimes whole school professional development, and acted upon.
- *Learning in Computing.*
- *How good is the teaching of computing in your school?*
- *Use of Resources to Develop Ability.*
- *Leadership and management of Computing.*
- *Creativity and Independence in Computing.*
- *The Computing Curriculum*
- *Online safety*



Name of designated Computing Coordinator

Area of Development	Rating	Statements of Development Red = Emerging Amber = Established Green = Embedded	Current Position Please Shade Green / Amber / Red	Brief comment on school's current level of development in this area, related to evidence and where it may be found.
1. Learning in Computing. (Link to NC PoS)		Knowledge, skills and understanding are inconsistently developed through school or/and within the three strands. There is little evidence of pupils' use of knowledge and understanding to explain and solve problems. There is little or no evidence that pupils are learning to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>understand and apply the fundamental principles and concepts of computer science, including abstraction, logic, algorithms and data representation</li> <li>analyse problems in computational terms, and have repeated practical experience of writing computer programs in order to solve such problems</li> <li>evaluate and apply information technology, including new or unfamiliar technologies, analytically to solve problems</li> <li>become responsible, competent, confident and creative users of information and communication technology.</li> </ul>		Adopting the Sheffield Primary Computing Scheme of Work has given us the structure to ensure coverage of all three strands of the computing curriculum. The scheme is broken down into 6 blocks for each year group (1-6) to be completed over the school year. All following the same scheme of work ensures consistency and progression (for example in Y2 'How do I create a multimedia story?' Y4 'What makes an excellent multimedia story?').
		Pupils in most year groups demonstrate good understanding of important concepts in all three strands of the computing curriculum. They are able to make some connections within the subject, but this is not consistent across school. Pupils use their subject knowledge and understanding to explain and solve problems, but not consistently in every year group. Pupils: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>are beginning to understand the fundamental principles and concepts of computer science, including abstraction, logic, algorithms and data representation</li> <li>can analyse problems in computational terms, and have some practical experience of writing computer programs in order to solve such problems</li> <li>can evaluate information technology, including new or unfamiliar technologies</li> <li>are developing responsibility, competence, confidence and creativity.</li> </ul>		
		Pupils in all year groups demonstrate good understanding of important concepts in all three strands of the computing curriculum and are able to make connections within the subject because they have highly developed transferable knowledge, skills and understanding. Pupils consistently use their subject knowledge and understanding very effectively in written and verbal explanations and can solve challenging problems. Pupils are learning to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>understand and apply the fundamental principles and concepts of computer science, including abstraction, logic, algorithms and data representation</li> <li>analyse problems in computational terms, and have repeated practical experience of writing computer programs in order to solve such problems</li> <li>evaluate and apply information technology, including new or unfamiliar technologies, analytically to solve problems</li> <li>become responsible, competent, confident and creative users of information and communication technology.</li> </ul>		



Pipworth Community Primary School Computing School Overview and Action Plan 2021-22

Priority Areas For Development	Context and Evidence of Current Position	Priority Areas For Development	Action Point	Details of Action Points achieved with date	Funding Implications
1	Staff training needs need to be addressed. Gaps need to be identified and training provided.	All teachers and TAs to be encouraged to sign up to teachcomputing.org There are lesson plans and resources for all modules. Free and paid training courses are timetabled and can be signed up for, including the following FREE online courses: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supporting SEND pupils in computing</li> <li>Getting Started: Teaching Primary Computing</li> <li>Programming Pedagogy in Primary Schools</li> <li>Teaching Programming in Primary Schools</li> </ul>	Funding for the face-to-face courses will need to be released, where needed.	Staff Meeting 17 <sup>th</sup> March 2022.	Courses currently either free (online) or £35 per person (face to face).
2	Consistency in assessment procedures and the subject lead to track progression through each strand of the curriculum.	Assessment: Staff need to be using the skills ladders and Unit assessment statements to justify assessments made.  Build a bank of 'On Track' evidence in each computing strand, to be shared with staff and governors. This will make progression easier to evidence and enable us to clearer identify what constitutes 'good' work in each year group.	1) Introduce a standardised method of recording computing across the school. Ideally, this will include the use of 'pupil voice' as well as files and photographs. 2) Regular moderation in computing needs to be introduced and class books compared.	Summer 2	
3	Currently, we have most of Year 6 working on Chromebooks (all of Y6 will be on them by Summer Term). The rest of the school are working on laptops.	The intention is that Chromebooks are rolled out to other year groups, as funding allows new purchases to be made. This will require potentially significant changes to be made to:	1) This rollout must be managed carefully to minimise disruption and ensure teachers are confident in	JK has attended training on how to implement, monitor and assess a change such as this and is seeking support from the Ed Tech	



# External Visits

- Representatives from Learn Sheffield and SIPs pay regular visits into school to support us with subject reviews. We have recently had a subject review into Computing, SEND provision and Behaviour Management.



# Pipworth Passports

- It is important to us that pupils progress, not just academically but as citizens of the world. Our school values such as Aspiration, Respect, Teamwork and Courage are developed and nurtured. We educate pupils through events, visits, breaking personal bests, charity work and within the preparation for the next educational transition – this is all gathered in our ‘Pipworth Passports.’ Pupils achievements, dreams and personal bests are recorded.



Leadership and Personal Challenge	
Over 95% attendance in term 1 this year	
Been a role model or mentor to other children e.g. playground buddy, reading ambassador, mentoring KS1 pupil	
Taken part in a residential visit-Kingswood	
Tried something new	
Part of a school responsibility- milk monitor, book monitor, librarian etc.	
Presented or taken part in an assembly	
I have completed a personal challenge or acquired a new skill	
I have completed my homework most weeks	
I am a playtime buddy	
I am able to talk about my strengths and weaknesses in my character and in my learning	
Other personal achievements:	



Cultural and Community	
Taken part in a school show	
Taken part in 'Young Voices'	
Read a recommended book	
Visited an aquarium, art gallery/ exhibition	
Watched a play/pantomime, musical or dance event	
Seen a recommended film	
Read a poetry book	
Visited an Islamic place of worship-Medina Mosque	
Spoke in another language	
Learnt something about local history	
Experienced food from another culture	
Contributed to a local charity	
Represented Pipworth at a community event	
Completed a river walk	
Visited the countryside-a contrasting locality to my own	
Picked up litter	
Worn uniform correctly	
Listened to a careers talk and thought about my future aspirations for employment	



Physical	
Attend an after school club session or sports club outside school	
Represented your house team or school in one sporting competition e.g. sports day	
Participated in a whole school performance	
Competed in sport at a local, regional or national level for school or externally	
Completed a challenging run (in less time than Y3)	
Designed a warm up / exercise for others to follow	
Completed a set of swimming lessons/able to swim 25 metres	



Ready for Year 5	
Prepare an activity and teach others	
Achieve the reading challenge for a term	
Be secure in my times tables	
Be able to talk about my strengths and weaknesses in character and learning	

# Pupil Voice

- We listen to feedback from pupils and act on it!

My teacher tells me that I have improved on my skills

I need to go back to the WILF.



The Critique palette helps me to improve on a part of my work and tells me the good skills I have achieved too'

I just need more time to do my work!

I need my teacher to model it for me on a whiteboard.

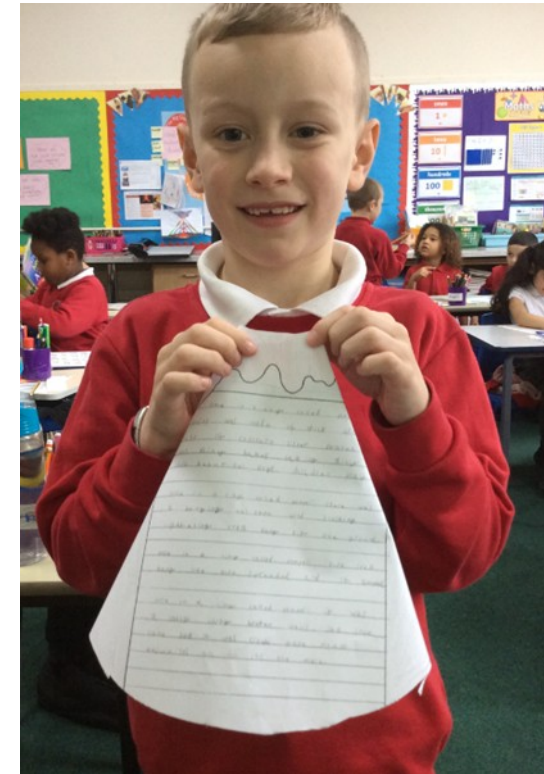


## National Curriculum Subjects

Key	Effort and progress
	Good
	Varies
	Needs to improve



Attainment	Your child is working-
<b>GD</b>	working at greater depth
<b>AE</b>	above the expected level
<b>OT</b>	at expected level
<b>WT</b>	working towards expected
<b>WB</b>	well below the expected level

Subject	Effort	Attainment	Progress
English- Reading		GD	
English- Writing		GD	
English- SPAG		GD	
Maths		GD	
Science		AE	
Computing		AE	
History		AE	
Geography		AE	
PE		OT	
Religious Studies		AE	
Foreign Language		AE	
Art		AE	
D.T.		AE	
Music		AE	








<b>Attendance</b>	
<b>Punctuality</b>	
<b>Participation in Remote Learning</b>	

- We take teachers professional development very seriously, educational research helps develop teachers into being the best versions of themselves. Recent research, into cognitive load and 'Rosenshine's Principles of Instruction' talks about the importance of 'reviews' within the lesson. 'Popping back' to previous learning and retrieving information from long-term memory. Now, all teachers use pop backs/ reviews within their teaching. All teachers are members of the 'National College' to keep up with international, as well as national updates of good practice from educational research.

<p><b>Last lesson</b></p> <p>Rivers in Russia Which one is the odd one out?</p> <p>River Volga River Don River Thames</p>	<p><b>Last week</b></p> <p>Can you name 3 oceans that surround Russia?</p> 
<p><b>Last unit</b></p> <p>True or false?</p> <p>Fauna is the type of plant life present in a particular region</p> <p>Explain your thoughts</p>	<p><b>Last term</b> Rivers</p>  <p>Can you name this feature of a river?</p>

**Flashback 4** Year 2 | Week 8 | Day 1



- Which shape comes next in the pattern?  

- How many faces does the shape have?  

- If  = 10 people, how many people does this represent?  

- $30 + \square = 57$

White Rose Maths

Classroom Habit		Educational Research			
1	<p><b>'Warm ups' and pre-teach starters</b> to remember and retrieve previous learning.</p> <p><b>Daily, weekly, monthly reviews-low stake quizzes/review questions linked to prior learning.</b></p>	<p><u>Ebbinghaus: Forgetting Curve</u></p> <p><u>Rosenshine: Principles of Instruction</u></p>			
2	<p><b>A Balanced approach</b></p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td> <p><b>Teacher-Input and direct instruction.</b> Use of modelling, including using pupils, concrete resources, annotating texts, direct questioning. Teachers plan for misconceptions. Present new material in small steps.</p> </td> <td> <p><b>Collaboration</b> Purposeful, structure and guidelines for pupils, equal roles, no wasted activity time. Activities are purposeful and lead to learning the WALT.</p> </td> <td> <p><b>Practice, apply and reason and extend and deepen.</b> <u>All children need to practice, apply and extend and deepen in all subjects.</u></p> </td> </tr> </table>	<p><b>Teacher-Input and direct instruction.</b> Use of modelling, including using pupils, concrete resources, annotating texts, direct questioning. Teachers plan for misconceptions. Present new material in small steps.</p>	<p><b>Collaboration</b> Purposeful, structure and guidelines for pupils, equal roles, no wasted activity time. Activities are purposeful and lead to learning the WALT.</p>	<p><b>Practice, apply and reason and extend and deepen.</b> <u>All children need to practice, apply and extend and deepen in all subjects.</u></p>	<p>Allison S and <u>Tharby A: Making every lesson count.</u></p>
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3	<p><b>Modelling and worked samples</b> e.g. WAGOLLS and examples displayed on working walls or models displayed on flip charts. 'Live' modelling-teachers talking through their thinking-high challenge for all!</p>	<p><u>Craig Barton: How I wish I'd been Taught</u></p> <p><u>Rosenshine: Principles of Instruction</u></p>			
4	<p><b>Group/staggered input to target teaching to those that need it-Fluidity in teacher focus groups</b> Starting points identified through continuous assessment for learning. Children are either part of a teaching input, practicing or deepening their learning.</p>	<p>Hattie J and Yates G: <u>Visible learning and the science of how we learn</u> <u>Chat 13 and 14.</u></p>			
5	<p><b>Success Criteria/WILFs to achieve WALTs</b> Feedback and formative assessments are made against these <b>PEER and SELF assessment</b> <b>Mid-point reflection- Am I still on track to achieve my goal-a return to the success criteria.</b></p>	<p>Willingham: <u>How knowledge helps.</u></p> <p><u>Sealy: Memory and memories: teaching for long term learning</u></p>			
6	<p><b>Verbal Feedback</b> Used to shape the lessons and series of lessons for each child. Respond to verbal feedback using green pen or 'do' something different. Subsequent learning looks different because of actions taken. <b>Teachers build in time for pupils to respond to feedback to 'fix' their work.</b></p>				
7	<p><b>Vocabulary-teaching tier 2 and tier 3 vocabulary so children can use it throughout the lesson.</b> Etymology-study of the origins of words and the way their meaning has changed over time. Morphology-the study of words, how they are formed and their relationship to other words.</p>	<p>Quigley: Closing the vocab gap.</p>			
8	<p><b>Showcases/Final Product</b> Final outcome-e.g. pop up museums, art galleries, restaurants. Display and share knowledge with others; other year groups, parents, governors and the community</p>	<p>Key Assessment Question- Can I explain to somebody else my learning? Have I achieved my goal? What would I change next time?</p>			

