



Heatherley Primary School

Physical Intervention Policy

(Use of Reasonable Force)

Objectives

At Heatherley Primary School, in line with Every Child Matters, we aim to provide a safe, caring, and friendly environment for all our pupils to allow them to learn effectively, improve their life chances and help them maximise their potential.

We take the safety of our pupils and staff very seriously. We believe that all pupils and staff have the right to be and feel safe whilst at school or on a school-run activity.

This policy should be read in conjunction with our behaviour, child protection and the broader safeguarding agenda policies.

Policy Development

This policy is written in line with Nottinghamshire County Council's policy on the same subject, entitled 'Keeping Classrooms Safe for Learning and Teaching'.

Minimising the Need to Use Reasonable Force

As a school we are firmly committed to creating a calm and safe environment which minimises the risk of incidents arising that might require the use of reasonable force. We use PSHE sessions, assemblies, and special events such as anti-bullying week to explore and strengthen emotional responses to situations. Our school is also developing a specific and consistent approach to promoting Growth Mindset (SIP Ref 3)

We will only use force as a last resort and strongly believe in de-escalating any incidents as they arise to prevent them from reaching a crisis point. Staff will be skilled in promoting and rewarding positive behaviour and will utilise various appropriate techniques in the management of a class environment. Staff will only use reasonable force when the risks

involved in doing so are outweighed by the risks involved by not using force.

Staff Authorised to Use Reasonable Force

Under Section 93 of the Education and Inspection Act (2006) the head teacher of our school is empowered to authorise those members of his staff who are enabled to use reasonable force.

At Heatherley Primary School the head teacher has empowered the following members of staff to use reasonable force:

- Teachers and any member of staff who has control or charge of pupils in a given lesson or circumstance have permanent authorisation.
- Other members of staff such as site management and administrative teams also have the power to use reasonable force if a circumstance should arise in which immediate action should be taken.

Deciding Whether to Use Reasonable Force

Under English law, members of staff are empowered to use reasonable force to prevent a pupil from or stop them continuing:

- committing any offence.
- causing personal injury to, or damage to the property of, any person (including the pupil himself); or,
- prejudicing the maintenance of good order and discipline at the school or among any pupils receiving education at the school, whether during a teaching session or otherwise.

All members of staff will make decisions about when, how, and why to use reasonable force. To help staff in making decisions about using reasonable force the following considerations may be useful:

- whether the consequences of not intervening would have seriously endangered the wellbeing of a person.
- whether the consequences of not intervening would have caused serious and significant damage to property.
- whether the chance of achieving the desired outcome in a non-physical way was low.
- the age, size, gender, developmental maturity of the persons involved.

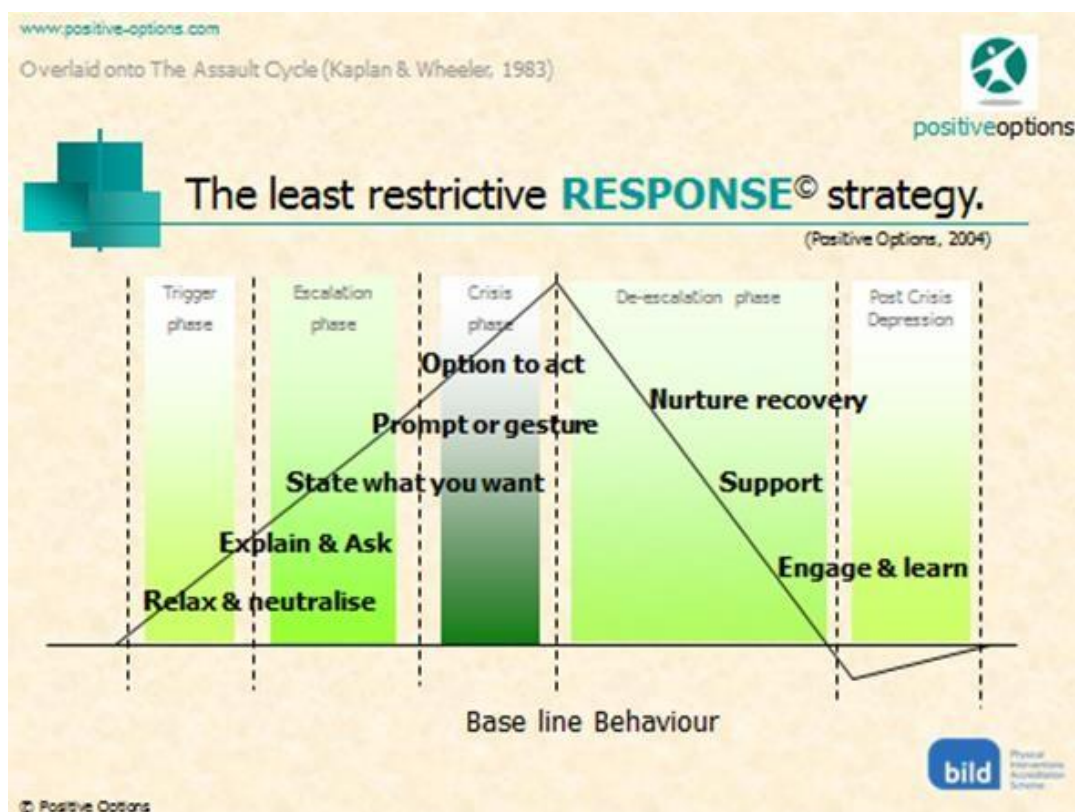
Staff are also expected to remember that physical intervention is only one option and for behaviours involving extreme levels of risk it may be more appropriate to gain support from other agencies, including the police.

Staff will be kept informed and have a duty to inform others about the plans around specific pupils who can present risks to themselves and others. This may include information about SEN, personal circumstance, and temporary upset.

Using Reasonable Force

When using force members of staff should only use the minimum amount of force required in achieving the required outcome.

Staff should also use force within the context of existing good practice in non-physical skills and techniques, such as in the RESPONSE® Strategy:



Staff should, where possible, avoid any type of intervention that is likely to injure a

pupil, unless in the most extreme of circumstance where there was no viable alternative. Also, staff should avoid using force unless or until another member of staff is present to support, observe or call for assistance.

Staff training

Staff at Heatherley Primary School, who have been identified as needing training in this area, will access Physical intervention and CRB training through the County Council coordinator who delivers nationally accredited courses.

These courses provide participants with an insight into recent legislation and guidance that could impact on policy and practice, as well as a range of physical and non-physical strategies to help manage the risks posed by children and young people's behaviour.

Nottinghamshire County Council has adopted the CRB (Challenging and Risky Behaviours) training model, and as such is an 'Approved Training Centre' for Positive Options Ltd, which is a BILD (British Institute of Learning Disability) accredited training programme.

These training programmes will be delivered to staff via whole school inset or by accessing specialist training events. Details of trained staff are held within the school's CPD files. Staff who receive this training will be accredited to use the physical elements of CRB for a defined period as stated on their certificate. Staff will be expected to attend a refresher course to update their skills and renew their certification every 12-15 months.

Recording and Reporting Incidents

The governing body will ensure that a procedure is in place, and is followed by staff, for recording and reporting, significant incidents where a member of staff has used force on a pupil. The record must be made as soon as practicable after the incident.

While ultimately only a court of law could decide what is 'significant' in a particular case, in deciding whether or not an incident must be reported, staff should consider:

- an incident where unreasonable use of force is used on a pupil would always be a significant incident.
- any incident where substantial force has been used (e.g., physically pushing a pupil out of a room) would be significant.
- the use of a restraint technique is significant.

- an incident where a child was very distressed (though clearly not overreacting) would be significant.

In determining whether incidents are significant, schools should consider:

- the pupil's behaviour and the level of risk presented at the time.
- the degree of force used and whether it was proportionate in relation to the behaviour.
- the effect on the pupil or member of staff.

Staff should also bear in mind the age of the child; any special education need or disability; or other social factors which might be relevant.

Sometimes an incident might not be considered significant, but forms part of a pattern of repeated behaviour. In this case, although there is no legal requirement to record such incidents, schools are advised to let parents know about them.

Records are important in providing evidence of defensible decision-making in case of a subsequent complaint or investigation. Staff may find it helpful to seek the advice of a senior colleague or a representative of their trade union when compiling a report.

The school will use CPOMs for recording any physical intervention incidents where force has been used, or any incident where violence to staff has occurred or been threatened. This form, 'Physical Intervention (CRB) Incident Report' is accessible by all staff on the school network.

Our school's Safeguarding policy can be found on the network and on the school website.

Post-incident support

Following the use of physical intervention staff and pupils will be supported, the immediate physical needs of all parties will be met, and staff will ensure that positive relationships are maintained. This will be recorded on the incident report form.

Complaints and allegations

We aim to make Heatherley Primary School a happy, safe, and caring place so that pupils may benefit from the best possible education. All our staff, both teaching and non-

teaching, are dedicated to this aim. However, if any member of our school community feels that we are not living up to the expectations we want to know about it so that we may have the opportunity to put things right. Complaints and allegations will be taken seriously and can be discussed by:

- * Speaking to the class teacher in the first instance. If they cannot resolve the matter, then it can be discussed with the relevant team leader/SENCO.
- * If a school community member feels that the issue has not been resolved, then arrangements can be made to speak to Mrs. James, the Head teacher.
- * Most complaints will normally be resolved at this stage but if this is not possible, or a complaint is about the head teacher, the Complaints Governor can be contacted at the school address, this is the governor nominated for investigating complaints.

We also ensure that our pupils have a 'voice' in school, and we make it clear to them that they have a right, and are able, to question/complain about things they are not happy with in school, including the use of reasonable force. They can do this via their class teacher, in specific PSHE lessons and assemblies, via the school council or through their team leader, senior leadership team or the school family support worker.

Monitoring and review

This policy will be monitored regularly and reviewed by the governing body at least annually or as required. This policy is due to be reviewed in September 2026.

The Head Teacher is responsible for the implementation of this policy and Gemma Koch Harper is the Link Governor, who also has responsibility in this area through her Safeguarding role.

Further information can be found in the Nottinghamshire County Council's policy on the same subject, entitled 'Keeping Classrooms Safe for Learning and Teaching.'